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THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

THE PEOPLE'S NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Religion, Politics, Education, Mining, and General Intelligence, Foreign and Domestic.—INDEPENDENT ON ALL SUBJECTS.

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Dutch Flat Enquirer.

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THE SPECTRAL WARNING.

BY EZRA OLIVER WENDELL.

"Vice is a monster of such hideous mien
As, to be hated needs, only to be seen;
But seen too oft, familiar with the face,
We first endure, then pity, then embrace."

Those who have a diseased taste for the supernatural, however absurd, and whether proceeding from the ingenious trickery like that which enabled the famous "Cock-lane Ghost" of London for a long time to defy detection, or springing from chance mysteries, never unraveled and supported by honest if ignorant superstition, may find something gratifying in the following legend, which, though it may not give them an opportunity to "sup full of horrors," will at least give them a good lunch. It should be read in solitude, by the light of a dim candle, after a hearty meal of raw cabbage or toasted cheese, and immediately before retiring to bed. If a belief in ghosts be not acquired during the night, then the legend should pass for nothing; and the reader's idea of them may be reduced to that of Dr. Johnson, who admitted only that "appearances were in their favor."

Many years ago, a gentleman of fortune named Harmon Prior, with his servant, Timothy Bray, arrived at the small town of T——; and not finding suitable accommodations at the only tavern in the place, kept by one Daniel Oxton, he was directed to the large, old fashioned residence of the widow Aurelia Bourne, who owned a handsome estate known as "Poplar Lodge." There he did find comfortable quarters and a hospitable welcome, and, subsequently, concluded to remain for several weeks.

Mr. Prior early ascertained that this house had once been a favorite inn, and that the late Mr. Bourne, shortly after his marriage, coming to the town by chance, had purchased the place, designing to continue it for public accommodation. But, from some cause wrapt in mystery, Poplar Lodge declined in the estimation of travelers; Mr. Bourne grew gloomy under lack of patronage, and suddenly disappeared, and was never more heard from, his wife declaring her belief that he had committed suicide.

The new inn, opened by Daniel Oxton, flourished well, while Poplar Lodge relapsed into the quiet monotony of the private dwelling which it now was. It was especially quiet, the only inmate being Mrs. Bourne, a very beautiful woman of about thirty, and her maid-servant, Marcia, a small, pale, thin, and gloomy person, who had known Poplar Lodge in better days, having lived there for twenty years.

Much impressed with the fascinating manners, person, and conversation of Mrs. Bourne, Mr. Prior laughed as heartily as she at the mysterious nods, looks, and intimations of people in the town, who insisted that the place was haunted and unlucky. The widow declared that the rumor had been started by Oxton, who wished to purchase the estate at a price far beneath its value, and had taken that method to prejudice it and induce her to sell. Prior found that it was really a magnificent property, abounding in fertile land, woods, and fine scenery, and one day told his servant that he should like to become its owner and settle there.

"And perhaps marry her!" said Timothy with a shudder. "Then you would be settled, with a vengeance!"

"Not the slightest notion of that, Timothy; though I think her a very attractive woman."

"Maybe, to some folks. She is werry showy, and appears werry much taken up with you, on short acquaintance; but I felt a cold chill all over me when I first seen her, somehow."

"That's because Oxton said the place was haunted."

"No, sir! I didn't like her eye."

"She has beautiful expressive eyes, Timothy!"

"They express too much, Sir. Dark blue is a werry pooty color, but hers is that kind of devilish dark blue that glows like brimstone, as if sin and an ungly temper was hiding behind. That woman, Sir, was born to have her own way, and a precious bad one, I'm thinking. And then her laugh betrays her. She talks like music, but her laugh is heartless—it's a hollow chuckle, Sir, like the cluck of a hen."

Mr. Prior was amused at Timothy's divination of character; but he mused over it. It might be mere prejudice, or it might be true perception, beyond his own.

The woods had plenty of game, and he and his servant availed themselves of the sport offered. One day, while thus engaged, Prior came upon Timothy, near the edge of a grove, and was surprised at his paleness and agitation.

"I've seen him, Sir!"

"Seen whom?"

"The ghost, the spekkiter, that they speak of."

"Where? Nonsense! How did he look? Ghosts never appear in broad day."

"This one does, then. I had just plumped a partridge, and was going in to get him, when a man about your size seemed to suddintly come out of a hollow tree, which I run my head agin just as I was grabbing at the bird. I felt a shock like a gulvanic batt'ry, and my eyes swam; but I could see his skeletin hand, white as fishbones, and his face, which was like a dead corpse which has been in the ground long enough to get blue and mouldy. He had coat and trowsis on, however, and a felt hat, and they wasn't white, but as brown as these trees.—There wasn't an eye in his head, and I didn't stop to see if he had a tongue, for I turned about and scampered off as fast as I could stagger!"

Search and questioning gave no clue to the mystery.

"Nonsense, Timothy. You only bumped your head, and the beer set your superstitions afloat."

"I couldn't have hit the partridge if I was drunk, Sir; and there's the partridge."

"Shoot the ghost next time, and then I'll believe you," said his master, laughing.

"But what's the use shooting at a shadow?" argued Timothy. "How is a ghost going to feel? Besides, they've died once, and you can't make 'em do it again."

"I shall see about that," said Prior, a little angry. "This is a trick of some of Mrs. Bourne's kind neighbors. That Oxton has been persecuting her. He don't want her to sell this estate to anybody else, and I suppose he is afraid I may think of buying it. He raised these scandals, and now he has raised this ghost to scare me. I'm a pretty good shot, though, and if the spectre should appear again, I expect to put a few buckshot through him, and weaken his essence some, if I don't make it evaporate altogether. Say nothing about it, though, till he appears again, and we make sure that the widow herself isn't trying to make a butt of us."

On the following day, they went out with their guns, as usual. Timothy being charged, as they separated, to bring the strange figure to a halt, should it appear, even if he should be obliged to shoot at it.

"I shall yell some, too," promised Timothy, "so you may be sure it isn't reg'lar game, and I haven't bumped my head this time."

"Wise heads are simpletons, sometimes," reflected Prior, as he roved over the grounds, through wood and thicket. "When a boy, I was something of an infidel; and I hope never to be so believing as to allow a screw to come loose in my head, willingly. To my mind a ghost is— What on earth is that?"

A few rods in front of him, the lower half concealed by bushes, stood a figure, completely answering to the description given by the horror-stricken Timothy. The ghastly apparition faced him, silent and moveless, and with snowy hand outstretched toward him, one finger uplifted as if in warning.

"It may be an effigy! If not, it is a man," thought Prior, a little startled; "and I have that in this double-barreled instrument which will bother his legerdemain, if there is any about him."

He slowly advanced to within a few paces, but the form did not recede as he had expected.

"A brazen fellow, to be sure!" muttered Prior, staring hardly at the figure, but unable to detect any discrepancy in its disguise if disguise there was.

The arm now made a warning gesture.

"Wishes me to leave. No doubt. We'll see who leaves first. Who are you, fool? I am not to be frightened by this masquerade. I can see through your silly imposture and what prompts it; and I have that here which will go through yourself quickly, unless you answer. Whose hired tool are you? Speak!"

The unsightly features moved in horrible distortion, but there was no anger, menace, nor absurdity in the aspect. Where eyes should have been all was dark. Under the full blaze of the sun no sign of mountebank fraud was disclosed. Suddenly the arm dropped, but still the seeming body moved not. The bluish lips did quiver slightly, but no sound was heard.—The vision was ghastly and melancholy enough, but betrayed no fear.

Prior raised his gun.

"I don't wish to harm you, man; but I shall certainly give you the contents of both these barrels, if you don't speak."

The figure spread its arms contemptuously.

"Still mum? Then take this to the apothecary!"

Prior aimed full at the breast of the presumed trickster, and discharged both barrels at the distance of but a rod, expecting to see the fellow fall at once.

But no! For a moment the figure was motionless, as if to to show itself uninjured. Then its bony hands rattled together, as if in derision, and the clay-like lips, parting, sent forth a "Ha, ha!" and instantly it disappeared.

"I have hit him! He shan't escape!" muttered Prior, rushing to the spot; but nothing was there, nor around, save the wild, harmless, customary solitude of Nature. And there the bright sun smiled, enemy to fraud. "Confound it! he has escaped me by some means after all! But how? This is day. My eyes are open. Could any one have removed the shot from the barrels? That might be. But how the deuce could the rogue disappear!"

In a moment after, he heard a yell from Timothy, not far off, and the report of a gun. He hastened in that direction, and found the affrighted servant on the ground, more terrified than before. He had seen the ghost, he said: heard him groan, "Beware!"; had a fair shot at him; and was immediately knocked over by some invisible agency; for he was sure the ghost did not come near enough to touch him.

"And so am I," said Prior, indignantly.—"Your gun kicked you over, as it ought, for being a superstitious coward. We have been outwitted by some ingenious but malicious trick; but I shall not permit it to interfere with my plans."

Both returned to Poplar Lodge out of humor—Prior freely relating his adventure, and finally joining with the charming widow in laughing over so palpable an attempt to injure her and play upon his fears.

So exasperated, however, was Mr. Prior at the apparent effort of some one to dissuade him from possessing the estate, that he that day made a liberal offer for it, and his terms were promptly accepted; and within a month Mrs. Bourne had the money in her hands, and found herself, instead of the proprietress and landlady, the housekeeper, for the present of Harmon Prior, Esq., the exulting owner of Poplar Lodge.

Meanwhile, still at a loss to account satisfactorily for the adroit escape of the strange, sad figure, Prior pursued his hunting at times, as usual; but the spectre was seen no more in all his wanderings. This fact somewhat reconciled Timothy Bray to the purchase; for he had feared that with it might be included all of the incumberances.

But a new terror now came upon Timothy. His anxious eyes saw that Mr. Prior, content with his bargain, was not content with that alone. He saw that Mrs. Bourne was in no haste to move. He saw that Mr. Prior took increasing satisfaction in her society. He noticed that she called him Harmon and he called her Aurelia. He observed, also, that the gloomy maid-servant, Marcia, grew gloomier than ever. He smelt marriage; and he felt more uncomfortable than if seeing a ghost every day; believing a living worse than a buried trouble, even though the burial was mocked by supernatural resurrections.

To crown his fears, a wedding did occur within two months, not largely attended, though about a score of neighbors were present at the Lodge, more from curiosity than any decreased dislike for the bride, whom they had learned to regard as mysterious, and whom they had not visited and scarcely spoken to for years.

She looked splendidly, and the pair seemed duly gay at the conclusion of the ceremony; but during the festivities which followed, thrice the assembly were startled and dismayed by fearful paroxysms on the part of the bridegroom.

To him, but to none other, during that evening, three times the dismayed spectre reappeared; once dashing from his hand a glass which his bride had proffered him; again standing before him with a hammer in its unearthly hand, and once more crossing the floor, holding what appeared to be a ladle, filled with molton silver; uttering no word, but each time shaking its horrible head, with a finger on its blue lips, and then vanishing through the solid wall as it had come!

The frenzied conviction, into which he was by these means forced, made his looks and exclamations as appalling to the guests as the now undoubted spectre was to him; and, unconscious of the exact cause, the assembly early dispersed, with ominous forebodings.

He kept his own counsel, deeming what apologies he made to Aurelia sufficient to conceal from her the suspicions created within him. Declaring his illness, he expressed his wish speedily to retire; while she, having mixed a potion "to calm his nerves" descended promising to prepare a sedative still more comforting and effectual.

It was past midnight. Tossing the contents of the glass away, he secretly summoned Timothy, concealed him in his chamber-closet, and bade him watch; while he, retiring to bed, affected a sound sleep.

How inevitably that would have been his last, became ere long apparent.

The door opened, and, with noiseless step, the new-made bride approached the couch and listened awhile; then, as if satisfied he had drunk the potion, she withdrew less cautiously; and brought an iron ladle with her, glittering with its deadly contents—molten lead—designed for the ear of her seemingly unconscious victim; to slay, yet leave no sign!

More than the eye of God was on her, however; for with a shout and bound from the closet, which caused even that cold, deliberate woman to shriek, Timothy Bray sprang toward her, dashing the agency of death from her hand, and binding her arms fast behind her. At the same moment, Prior sat up, with eyes unclosed and staring, with the more horror as he now beheld the warning spectre standing before them, and pointing at the detected woman, with wan, accusing face.

It was but for a moment, and then the phantom vanished; yet each had this time seen him, and with the despairing cry, "My husband!" the intended murderess swooned in the servant's arms.

There was no sleep in the house that night, and there the bride was held a prisoner.

On the ensuing day, Prior, feeling that there must be other mysteries of equal importance which investigation might unfold, placed her in the hands of the law, and with Timothy and a few neighbors, made search with what light they had.

In the vicinity of the places where the phantom had first been seen, the earth was upturned, and remains were discovered and identified as being those of the long-missing husband, Asa Bourne. A hole in the skull indicated that he had died by violence, and subsequent confessions of the wife fixed the guilt upon herself.

The story was, that in her youth she had acquired a taste for crime by reading the histories of criminals. What at first horrified at last delighted her, and an unnatural desire to kill became stronger and stronger as her mind matured. To this infernal secret passion she yielded at last, at the time when she felt that something in her looks or manners, inspiring strangers with aversion, brought misfortune upon the Lodge and discontent upon her husband. She slew him unawares, and buried him where he fell.—Yet neither remorse nor fear had come upon her; nor ever, till the moment of her detection had the oft-seen spectre appeared to her. The desire for crime had grown by what it had fed on, and she had coquated with delight upon Prior as a second victim, expecting to fly in time, should suspicion grow dangerous to her.

This, then, was the end of the spectral warning and the mysteries of Poplar Lodge. The woman was condemned and executed; the estate passed into other hands; and the appeased spirit of the murdered man was seen no more. The earth had drunk his innocent blood, but now it was atoned for.

RECENT MINING DISCOVERIES IN ARIZONA.

The Los Angeles papers of 14th and 15th August give accounts of the recent mining discoveries in the region of the San Francisco Mountains. These mountains lie north of the Gila, and from 100 to 200 miles east of the Colorado. From the Los Angeles Star of August 15th, we extract the following:

"On Wednesday last William Mann arrived from these mines. As at present known, they are situated in what are called Weaver's and Walker's Districts—so named from the well known pioneers who explored the country and made a treaty with the Indians. They are on the river known as the Hacian, (probably the same as has been called Agua Frio, for Mr. Mann knows no river by that name in the country,) and are about 175 miles from Fort Mohave, directly on Beale's route. The diggings are on the southwest side of the San Francisco and Pine range of mountains. From the headwaters of Williams' Fork, the mines are about 50 miles distant, they lie about 175 miles from the mouth of the Fork, in a direction a little north of east. But the better road is by Beal's route, which affords a good wagon road, with plenty of water and grass. From La Pas there can also be found a wagon road, but there are long stretches of desert, one being 35 miles between water, and no water from the Colorado Valley to the Fort is reached.

Mr. Mann traveled from Fort Mohave, returning by La Paz, and gives the preference decidedly to the Fort Mohave and Beal route. He was in the mines twelve days, traveling and prospecting. Gold was found everywhere; no pan was washed out but what gave a favorable result of gold. A quantity of dirt, about two-thirds full of a flour sack, was washed and yielded $8 75. The mining ground is known to extend 150 miles, and Capt. Walker, who had come in from Pike's Peak, thinks gold will be found the whole distance. Beale's route will be found probably to intersect the diggings, as gold has been found north of it. All engaged in these mines are perfectly satisfied with their success, as all are making money. Two men in half a day's work washed out $29. There are as yet no tools in the country, and but little provisions.

There is sufficient water for domestic purposes, and stock, and for mining by rockers, but there is not enough for toms and heavy sluicing. In the ravines water can be obtained anywhere by digging not more than two feet. It should be remembered, however, that prospecting, so far, had been done at the close of the dry season, and it is highly probable that after the rainy season, which had just commenced as Mr. Mann was leaving, water would be abundant throughout the country.

The climate in these districts is unexcelled in California, being removed from the extremes of heat and cold. The whole country is covered with grass—in the valleys it is most luxuriant; the mountains are covered with forest timber, in almost endless variety, there being the white and black oak, hackberry, mulberry, walnut and black walnut, pine and cedar. Bunch grass is abundant on the mountains; there is plenty of game—deer, antelope, mountain sheep and wild turkeys. In Walker's District, water is more abundant than in Weaver's, there being not only more streams, but the soil is different. This district is distant 25 miles northeast from Weaver's. The rivers intersecting the mining country as far as known, are the San Francisco, Salt river, Rio Puerto and the Hacian or Agua Frio. In the dry season these all sink, though it is probable that in the rainy season they reach the Gila.

Prospecting has been extended as far as the San Francisco river to the Old Mission, but the Indians compelled the men to leave. The Pino Alto Apaches inhabit here, and it is supposed to be richer country than that already occupied. The Tonto Apaches are friendly. Mr. Mann traveled alone through their country, stopping at their rancherias every night. They have made a treaty with the Maricopas and Mohaves and all are friendly.

Williams' Fork is a stream 175 to 200 miles in length, by its course, emptying into the Colorado, though it disappears and reappears several times. From its heads waters, the mines are distant about 50 miles; but the best route is from Fort Mohave, along the Beale route. A good wagon road can be easily made, as it has been greatly washed in places.

At the time Mr. Mann left the country, there were not more than forty or fifty men in both districts—ten in one and nineteen in the other. Messrs. Walker and Weaver came from La Paz with fifteen more. But at least three hundred men were met traveling to the new El Dorado.

The Los Angeles News of the 14th of August publishes a letter by W. D. Bradshaw, dated Oliver City, N. M., August 1st, from which we extract as follows:

"I started a few days after Capt. Walker and Weaver, and overtook them two days south of Williams' Fork, nearly at the mines. The first creek discovered was Antelope, upon which some ten or twelve miners are located. The next day after our arrival, I went across the country and discovered a gulch (eastward), out of which I obtained in four days' labor 28 ounces and $2. This gulch is called Indian Guich. Two days previous to my leaving the Hacyamp mines, two Mexicans discovered a gulch between Antelope and Indian Creek, which exceeds anything I have seen since '49. Nine persons took up the ground. They have taken out as high as five pounds per day to the hand. I obtained a claim just above them, from which I obtained $2 to the pan. Our grub was getting scarce, so I left what provisions we had with my partner, and arrived here four days and a half.

During my trip, I traveled over one hundred miles by thirty wide, and every gulch or flat that I tried I found a good prospect. There are about 400 or 500 persons already in the mines. Oliver City and La Paz, Fort Yuma, and Pimos are almost depopulated. The principal part of the miners are the very lowest grade of Sonorians. The Indians, so far as we have gone, are the Yappappi Apaches. They are perfectly friendly, but the Tonto Apaches live just beyond the Hacyamp, and say we shall not go to their country for any purpose whatever.

The mining region that I was over presents a varied surface—comprising hills, valleys, plains and rugged mountains. The foothills are barren, with here and there a patch of willows or cotton wood in the gulches, which is a sure sign of water. This is the character of the Hacyamp district. Further to the southeast and northeast the country rises gradually into a pine and walnut covered region. I could see very plainly from where I turned back, on the east fork of the Hacyamp, large quartz lodes just east of me, but on account of the Indians, and shortness of provisions, I was forced to return. We need men, with arms and provisions to prospect the country. I have been a miner in California for fourteen years, and I believe that these diggings are as good or better than any I have ever seen.

In conclusion, I will say for the benefit of my friends in California, beware of imposition.—There is a great cry that the Mohave route is the way to the mines. It is out of the way 150 miles, and the object is to take you over the Cajon toll road. There is still another: When you arrive at St. John's ranch or slough, go to Bradshaw's Ferry—it is the nearest and best road to La Paz, and all the principal silver and copper lodes east of the Colorado. The other road to the upper ferry is four or five miles further, and heavy sand for eight miles. Although the ferry goes by my name, I have disposed of my entire interest therein. I am well known in California, particularly by the mining community, and to them I send this information. I shall start back to the mines day after to-morrow by way of New Water. I do not believe it to be more than 110 miles from Olive City to the mines. At the request of Mr. John Rhea, I have a large map of the road from Olive City to the mines, and of the mining district, which will be kept at the ferry for the benefit of our mutual friends and the public generally, with a table of distances, from water to water, grass, etc. This new mining district is southeast from Olive City, on the waters of the Gila and Salt river.

BANISHED TO CANADA.—On Thursday, says the Lockport *Union*, three men named Thos. Kippits, Hudson Gentry and Jesse F. Harry, residents of the state of Missouri, arrived at Niagara Falls in charge of Lieut. George A. Bennet, of St. Louis, and were immediately conveyed across the river to Canada, and there left without friends or money, pursuant to an order of Gen. Schofield, of St. Louis, banishing them during the war. The journal further states: "The men seemed to be farmers and said they were ignorant of the charges against them, or of the order banishing them. Two of them left families at home. They were not allowed to converse with any one on the journey or make known their condition, and the Lieutenant threatened to arrest a resident at the bridge for conversing with them."

THE SINGING OF BIRDS.—How do the blackbird and throssel, with their melodious voices, bid welcome to their cheerful Spring, and in their fixed abodes warble forth such ditties as no art of instrument can reach to! Nay, the smaller birds do their like in their particular seasons, as namely, the laverock, the tit-lark, the little linnet, and the honest robin, that loves mankind both living and dead. But the nightingale breathes such sweet, loud music out of her little instrumental throat, that it might make mankind to think that miracles are not ceased. He that, at midnight, when the very laborer sleeps securely, should hear the clear airs, the sweet descants, the natural rising and falling, the doubling and redoubling of her voice, might well be lifted above earth, and say, "Lord, what music hast thou provided for thy saints in heaven, when thou affordast bad men such music on earth!"

BEAUTIFUL SENTIMENT.—A young Russian girl sent Garibaldi her portrait. In acknowledging its receipt, the Italian patriot penned this beautiful and touching note:—"My dear child, you ask me for a word of sympathy for Russia, the country of your birth. Our Savior was born on the banks of Jordan, and when he proclaimed that all men are brothers, he did not ask whether their birthplace was on the banks of the Neva, or on the banks of the Vistula. The Russians are therefore our brothers, because I have seen that the same sun ripens the fine grapes of Italy, and the splendid corn in the immense fields of your native land. I affectionately kiss your forehead."

SWELLS.—Great men never swell. It is only the three cent individuals salaried at the rate of two hundred dollars a year, and dine on potatoes and dried herring, who put on airs and flashy waistcoats, swell, puff, blow, and endeavor to give themselves a consequential appearance. No discriminating person need mistake the spurious for the genuine article.

AN English writer says of the militia of London, that it was dangerous to make the rear rear rank take close order, for fear it would pick the pockets of the first rank.

INDOLENCE is a stream which flows slowly on, but yet undermines the foundation of every virtue.

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

E. B. BOUST, : : : : EDITOR.

THURSDAY, : : SEPT. 10, 1863.

AGAIN have we met the enemy, and they have flaxed us out as clean as a whistle. It is useless to deny the fact; the Republicans number too many guns for us. We sincerely believed that they advocated a policy which, if sanctioned by the people, would result in disaster to the government, the best interests of our own State, and the individual interest of all the people, but it appears that a large majority of the voters of the State and our county did not view the matter in the same light, consequently we are in a woful minority. As we intend to make this State our permanent place of abode, we hope the measures advocated by the Republicans will redound to the peace and prosperity of the people. We wish, this not because we have any particular liking for that party, but because we desire to see our State prosper and prosper ourselves; we are not proud; and because the people refused to allow the Democratic party to save the country, we shall not object to the Republicans doing so. Should that party need assistance in their efforts for the salvation of the State and can manage to make us see that they are honest, we hope they will not object to the aid of the Democracy in their philanthropic endeavors. There can be no doubt the political element of this State at the present time is Republican. But whether that party has acquired its strength by honestly presenting its issues before the people admits of a very serious doubt. The standard bearers of the successful organization have never allowed a time, in or out of season, to escape them to misrepresent the feelings, sentiments, and intensions of their political opponents. No audience that they have been able to gather around them has been freed from attempts to kindle the most bitter sectional prejudices and hatreds. Their speakers indulged in the most fulsome and vituative addresses, and called upon the masses to sanction their ruinous and destructive course; they, supposing that men who presented such a bold front and made such sweeping assertions had at least some good reasons for their actions, while the Democrats conscious of the good faith they held toward the government and the institutions of the country, satisfied themselves in presenting facts to the consideration of the people, and appealing to their reason and sound judgment for a verdict. Well; the first was entirely successful, and the other defeated by a majority heretofore unknown in this State. That the Democratic party was and is entirely loyal to the Government we have not the smallest particle of a doubt, as much, and we believe, more so, than the Republicans; but the Republicans having gained the ear of the people and poisoned it against their fellow-citizens, have secured the control of affairs in our State for the next four years, and of our county offices for two years. We again express our wish that the officers elected may be able to meet the expectations raised in the minds of the masses and conduct the public business with honesty and ability, but with a few exceptions, we entertain a very great misgiving. Truth, though crushed to the earth, will, Phœnix-like, again rise in all her purity and glory. We have been beaten, but our principles remain the same.

JOLLIFICATION.—The Republicans in this place had a great jollification over their victory on Saturday night last. Mr. Blanchard called the meeting to order by nominating Mr. Richmond, after which L. B. Arnold, Esq., was introduced and spoke of the immense benefit to result from their late triumph, and spoke and acted as though he actually felt good, and we believe he did. Col. Tweed, the probable next District Attorney, also spoke and felt good.—Both gentlemen did very much as others would have done on a like occasion. The speakers were cheered, the war policy cheered, and the Emancipation Proclamation was cheered. The meeting was well attended, and was no place for a defeated Democrat, unless he wanted to feel mean.

ELECTION RETURNS.—We herewith give the majority of the vote for Governor in the State, as heard from: Low, 27,882; Downey, 14,039; Low's majority, 13,843. This majoaity will probably be swelled to 20,000 votes when the votes are canvassed. The entire State ticket is supposed to be elected by majorities ranging from six to fifteen thousand.

The vote of this county for Senators and Sheriff will plainly indicate which way the election has gone; the balance of the ticket is supposed to be elected by similar majorities.—Dudley, dem., 1,274; Bradley, dem., 1,032; Yule, Union, 1,695; Hale, Union, 1,314. These majorities will not be materially altered by the precencts to be heard from. It was a clean sweep, taking in its course nearly every township officer in the county.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Wm. H. Wallace's little daughter while playing on a ladder at Illinoistown, fell and broke her right arm at or near the joint of the elbow. Dr. Jones of this place was called and rendered all necessary service in the case. The accident occurred on Tuesday last.

WATER WORKS.—We take pleasure in announcing that Mr. Mathewson has nearly completed his water works on Sacramento street.—He will now be able to furnish all with a full supply of this needful beverage on our street, for all purposes. This has long been needed, and we hope those living on Sacramento street will now show that they appreciate the efforts of Mr. M. to accommodate them, and patronize the enterprise.

ACCIDENT.—A little girl, the daughter of Mrs. Davis of this place, got her hand shockingly cut in a glass door at Little York on the day of election; cutting her hand from the fingers through to the wrist. We are glad that she is in a fair way of recovery.

☞ Quite a serious affray occurred at Red Bluff on Thursday last between Sheriff Johns and a Mr. Hazlett, in which the former was shot several times and the latter was severely stabbed. Neither party killed.

[Correspondence from Nevada Territory.]

EMPIRE CITY, N. T., Sept. 1, 1863.

FRIEND FOUST:—Laboring under a torpor of the brain, or confusion of ideas, in common parlance or more expressive language, the "blues," and suffering the most intense and excruciating pain from a tooth-ache, severest that was ever permitted to run at large in a civilized community, or escape the especial vengeance of the dental profession,—the spirit—not of Corn—again moves me to address you. As you will have perceived by the caption of this, I have changed my "base" since I last wrote you. Empire City, for many years enjoying in undisturbed tranquility of the highly classic sobriquet of "Dutch Nicks," which name it is inferred was derived from that superannuated individual, the first inhabitant, is a flourishing little village containing a population of about six hundred inhabitants, is beautifully situated on Carson river, four miles east of Carson city, and immediately upon the Overland Mail Route, and the road leading to Virginia City and the towns contiguous thereto. The site for a town is certainly a good one, and chiefly attractive for its barren mountains, luxuriant growth of the inevitable sage, and great depth of sand. Of the latter, we have it positive, compartive and superlative. The inhabitants are generally an indifferent-easy-going take-things-as-they-find-them sort of beings, the most of whom acquire a living by imbibing a compound of cochineal, alkali, fishberries, sage-brush and alcohol, which they call they whiskey.

The Spanish mill or Reduction Works, the second largest "institution" of the kind in the Territory, is located here, and employ an aggregate of about two hundred hands per day. Through the kindness of the gentlemanly superintendent I was conducted, a few day since, through all the various departments of this mill, and must pronounce it, emphatically, the most extensive "machine" I ever saw. I was informed that almost an entire change in the modus operandi of extracting the precious metal, had been made within the last few months. This new process requires but a small outlay of capital, in altering machinery, etc., and the advantage gained amply compensates for all trouble or expense incurred. It meets the universal favor of both miners and mill owners, and is being generally adopted.

An old resident of Placer county, who has just returned to this place from Reese river, gives me some interesting particulars about the mines and "indications" of that region which may not prove uninteresting to your many readers. He represents ledges numerous and their richness fabulous; many assays have been obtained ranging from one hundred to five hundred dollars per tun. Several mills are already in successful operation, and others in course of construction. Much activity prevails among the miners, and the work of developing the resources of that locality is being prosecuted with vigor. Lumber is worth two hundred per thousand; flour, thirty dollars per hundred, and none to be had even at that price. Austin and Clifton are the principal towns, which are being located contiguous, in a spirit of rivalry. Saloon keepers are making money, hotel keepers, ditto; store keepers and miners, ditto; in fact every body and his aunt are making money in that favored spot. Building lots, favorably located in either place, are worth from five hundred to a thousand dollars, each. Fire wood abundant, and water and health good. The above statement of course, it is presumed, will be taken with a grain of allowance, inasmuch as my informant is extensively interested in Reese river "feet." However, he enjoys a wide reputation for veracity.

To-morrow, the second, our election will take place, and the people are much rejoiced that they are so soon to get rid of those nuisances, public speakers. The approaching election is one of more importance to the people of this Territory than any previously held. The question will be called and yeas and nays demanded on the proposition to form a State government. All parties view the affirmative of this question with favor—having endorsed by platform to that effect—and from the unanimity of feeling generally expressed, there is little doubt as to the result. Evety body is a candidate—the "office seeks the man" over this way, as in the days of yore—for some office, both Democrats and Republicans having nominated full tickets, and added to these is a host of broken down California politicians, who, at the "earnest solicitation of many friends," "many Democrats," or "many intensely Union men," as the case may be, have reluctantly indicated a willingness to turn martyrs for the good of the country and the dear "peeps." Candidates are the rule, and I am forced to conclude that I am, unfortunately the exception. However, an office was seeking me, but having vague ideas of the head of Salt river, I kept out of the way; I remembered that a jury of a certain incorporation once sentenced me, by an overwhelming vote, to keep the record of events on the head waters of Salt river for twelve months. "No, gentlemen," said I, when urged to take a nomination by a caucus of Mormons and Piutes, (excuse the company,) convened under the auspices of the Union League, "I most peremptorily and emphatically decline the honor." "But as I before stated, I will now also state," every man you see is a candidate, and any one who is not is considered a marvellous creature. In proof of this, I will state an instance in which the "subscriber" figured conspicuously. A short time since I visited a neghboring village in company with a friend who, without my consent or even knowledge, announced me as the "man who didn't want office," and such a consternation as it produced I trust never to witness again. Men forget their business, old age its infirmities, bar rooms were cleaned out, Piutes hovered nigh, the noise in the work-shops ceased, business of all kinds suspended, boys—inquisitive little urchins—ran up, looked inquiringly in my face, occasionally one saying, "mother wants to see you," ladies—yes, ladies—made hasty toilets and rushed furiously into the street, and above all this noise and confusion I could now and then distinguish the words, "Where is he?" "Great Heavens!" I ejaculated, "what have I done?" And I then began to reffect whether I ever really committed a crime. "Have I ever discouraged enlistments?" I asked myself. "Have I ever openly avowed myself in favor of "equal rights" and the unconstitutionality of the draft?"—These were questions that presented themselves in rapid succession, during which time crowd pressed closer; I was almost surrounded—the last avenue for retreat was cut off; my line of communication was threatened, commissaries exhausted, the siege goes on; loud and repeated shouts of "where is he?" are heard on every side, My base weakened, and visions of the unfuriated people rose vividly before my disordered imagination. I had no alernative but unconditional surrender. A happy thought strikes me! I would make a speech! Conscious of my innocence, I resolved to protect it. Accordingly mounting a dry goods box and such a howl as the audience set up I never heard before. I began saying that I was not aware of having committed any offense, (I was about to say I had never been a Union Leaguer, but I didn't) when one of the crowd interrupted me by saying, "Well, I guess these fellows what ain't candidates is the most popularest?". I understood afterwards that this fellow was a candidate, and jealous of the attention bestowed on me. But to proceed; the crowd was still clamorous—and having profitted by the revelation made by the jealous aspirant, I changed the tenor of my argument and immediately informed the besiegers that I was neither a Prince of Wales nor a Japannese Ambassador, and notwithstanding I was a Kentuckian by birth, had no knowledge I was a relative of John Morgan. Having satisfied my audience that the "man who did not want office" was not remarkable, (except, of course, for personal appearance) and they having indicated a willingness to uncoil the "Anoconda" or raise the seige provided I would furnish each of the spectators with a copy of my photograph, (it may be proper here to state that the ladies arranged the terms of the surrender,) all of which I willingly acceded to. The consequence has been that a "poor but honest" disciple of Daguerre has made an immense fortune by copying the handsome face of your correspondent.

A man whose name I could not learn was killed a few days since near Como, by the Indians, and his house burnt. This was thought by many to be the signal for a general outbreak on our border settlements, but subsequent developments do not verify the belief. Our citizens hereabouts are just now betraying a decided weakness for Lake Bigler, whether their anxiety to get there is owing to the late silver discoveries, or to enjoy the beauty of scenery, taste the pure water and indulge in the salubrious climate of that locality, I cannot say. I think, however, that the mountain lakes—Bigler and Donner—are destined at no distant day, to constitute a resort for all the health and pleasure seekers of the Pacific coast. Surveyor Houghton, who is engaged in running the boundary line between Nevada and California is at or near Lake Bigler. It is thought that he will be well versed in the "dips" and "angles" of that locality by the time he gets through. Copperheads do not appreciate the utility of running State lines; father Abraham having once loosely declared that with the "commencement of the war all State lines were obliterated."

I am creditably informed that the Reps. of your county have adopted the use of infantile canines for electioneering purposes in lieu of "pea-nuts." Did the purps have their eyes open? Yours in haste,

ADVENTURER.

FOR THE HEADWATERS OF SALT RIVER.

The old and formerly popular boat, DEMOCRACY, will sail for the headwaters of Salt river on the 22nd of October next. This boat has been fitted up at considerable expense by the crew, expressly for this trade, having superior accommodations for the passage which is to last two years. Capt. Downey will personally superintend the boat, and it is expected that the passengers will consist chiefly in men celebrated for intellect and learning, thus offering a splendid opportunity to those who have not studied the institutions of the country a chance to receive the opinions of learned jurists. A large supply of brooms and fumigating matter have been placed on board for the purpose of renovating the settlement of this delightful retreat as the Republicans have occupied the houses on the river for the past two years, and it is thought left the settlement in a filthy condition. A band of minstrels has been secured to break the monotony of the passage by singing the soul inspiring songs, Star Spangled Banner, Hail Columbia and Yankee Doodle.—Any passenger so far forgetting himself as to hum the tune of John Brown will be put in the coal-hole and kept there as an enemy to the community. Passengers must be punctual to be on board on Thursday, October 22d. No whiskey allowed on board as pea-nuts and raspberry syrup, is this year considered superior electioneering articles, and it is thought best to accustom the passengers to these articles for the next campaign. Captain Downey will take a medicine chest along to rectify any ills that may result from a too free use of fresh peanuts.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A correspondent of the Virginia City *Union*, writing from Rich Cañon, Placer county, August 27th, gives the following:

A very sudden death took place here this morning at about seven o'clock. A stranger came here last evening who did not appear to be in his right mind. This morning, while walking the streets, apparently absorbed in thought, he fell dead. There are various opinions in regard to how he came to his death. Some think that he died by his own hands; others think that he might have been subject to the heart disease and died with the palpitation of the heart. No one knows his name. Several envelopes were found upon his person, which had been addressed to W. W. Weatherwax, Red Dog, California. This is supposed to be his name. He is about six feet high, quite slim, with light-colored hair, rather curly; aged about twenty-five years. I think that he is a writing teacher, or an artist of some kind, judging from the implements and the different drawings which were found in his possession.

We know of no such place as Rich Cañon, in this county that can boast of "streets." In fact we look upon the above as being a "sell," but for fear of being mistaken we give the item an insertion, and our friends at Red Dog—at which place we have quite a circulation—an opportunity of finding out about a Mr. Weatherwax.

FRUIT.—We desire to present our compliments, and with them our grateful acknowledgements to the household of Major C. M. Kopp, for that large basket of fruit received yesterday morning. The grapes were luscious; apples juicy, mellow and well-tasting; nectarines and plums—well, they beggar description. We live at home, on Sacramento street.

THE weather has been quite cool for several days.

STATE NEWS.

ON Sunday evening last, says the Watsonville *Times*, near the landing, a party of Indians, were having a good time, and indulging too freely in sipping from those light-houses to hell, black bottles. The result was a murder—the facts of which are, we believe, that one Indian called Joaquin took some improper liberties with the squaw of one Pedro Solayar, who raised a gun to the insulter's heart and fired, killing him instantly. The murderer was arrested, and taken to Santa Cruz for trial. We suppose it matters little whether he was justified or not: as Christians we can say: "He was only an Indian."

ABOUT two months since a teamster named Saxton, in the employ of Mr. Bodfish of San Jose, was dragged from his horse by a couple of Indians and brutally murdered, the murderers escaping. On Sunday last a Mr. Compton recognized one of the murderers at Whisky Hill near this town, named Jose Elarioreys, whom he captured and carried to Gilroy. The Indian confessed the murder, implicating another in the deed. On Monday he was tried before a Justice, and held for trial. On the way to the jail a mob took him from the Sheriff, and hung him. He was guilty, no doubt, but those who hung him without trial are also in the list of murderers.

ON Tuesday, August 25th, a cast iron drum in the Phillips shaft at Princeton, Mariposa county slipped its band, and its velocity being much increasen, it burst into pieces, striking a man named Washburn, breaking his leg and lacerating his thigh, breast, and other parts of his body in a frightful manner. He lies in a precarious condition.

ON the last downward trip of the Constitution, Capt. Windsor and a Mr. Randall, two passengers, had a difficulty, which culminated in Randall shooting Windson, the ball taking effect in the calf of the leg. A woman was the cause of the affray.

AN Italian of the name of George ——— was killed Sept. 6th about midnight, on the San Bruno road. A person who was with him at the time states that a wagon was ran away with, throwing the deceased out and killing him; but but when his body was found, it was partially undressed, showing that there must have been a falsehood in the statement.

THE body of a man was found floating in the bay, off Lombard street wharf, on Saturday, and taken to the Coroner's office, where it was recognized to be that of James T. A. Anderson, who worked for the Steam Navigation Company, and resided on the corner of Annie and Jessie streets. He was a native of Scotland, where he has a family, and was about sixty years of age. He was in the habit of drinking very freely of late.

GIDEON C. Jones, who is implicated in the Chapman affair, was Monday morning admitted to bail in the U. S. Circuit Court, on giving bonds in the sum of thirty thousand dollars.—The counsel for the other defendants asked that all their clients should be permitted to give bail. The matter will be considered this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

A SEAMAN named J. L. Morley, whilst on a spree in San Francisco, took it into his head to run with "der machine" on Sunday morning, and *did* so, but did not run far, as he tripped at the corner of Montgomery and Jackson streets, and suffered a slight abrasion of the nose, a dark colored eye, and sore bones.

AT the late election in San Francisco, there were deposited one hundred and forty-one full Union tickets, with the exception that the name of Low was scratched off, and that of Downey substituted.

ABOUT one o'clock Sunday morning a man fell off the Mission Street Wharf, near Stewart street. Police officer Earle heard the splash in the water, obtained a boat, and rescued the drowning man.

JOSEPH P. Owen and Martin Kanary engaged in a war of words on Saturday last, in San Francisco, when the former seized a large butcher knife and plunged it into the stomach of the latter, inflicting a fatal wound.

ON Monday morning last, a man named McKenty was badly stabbed in Stockton, by one Riley. McKenty was a fireman on the steamer Cornelia. It seems to have been a drunken row. An examination was had and Riley was discharged, on the ground that the act was one of self-defense.

Two mammoth pieces of copper ore, one weighing four hundred and fifty and the other five hundred and fifty pounds, were blasted from the lode of the Napoleon Company, Calaveras county on the 24th ult. They will be forwarded to the Fair at Stockton. These immense masses of copper are unmistakeable evidences of the width of the vein.

A SAN Bernardino letter says that new discoveries of silver and copper lodes are made every few days in that portion of the State, also in Bajo, and they are only waiting the reports from specimens sent for assaying, before proceeding further in the work of opening

ACCORDING to the *Journal* the people of San Francisco have been seized with a stabbing mania. A great many cases of injuries inflicted with a knife have occured there.

THE Humboldt *Register* learns that the Sheba company contemplates expending about $150,000, in ascertaining more definitely the contents of their mine, and the shape in which it lies.

A FIRE occurred on the premises of Mr. John Folks, of Analy Township, Petaluma county, a few days ago, by which seventy-five acres of grain and hay were destroyed.

J. B. BOGGS, sentenced to the State penitentiary some two years ago for killing Hugh McLaughlin, at Healdsburg, has been pardoned by the Governor.

HUMBOLDT City is to have, in a few days a stage line connecting at the Junction House with the Carson and Virginia line.

THE Pacific Company at grass Valley struck a pocket in their quartz lode of almost pure gold on Friday, August 17th, from which about $17,000 was taken in a few hours.

The Republicans carred Nevada Territory.

DR. SCOTT'S MOVEMENTS.—The following letter was addressed by Dr. Scott, formerly of Cavalry Church, San Francisco, to a friend in that city:

BROOKLYN (N. Y.), August 8, 1863.

To-day I have your letters of July 14th and 15th. On my return from Europe I had intended making but a short stop here before proceeding direct to San Francisco, but not finding letters here (they having passed on to England), I concluded it best to accept an invitation to supply the pulpit of the Rev. Dr. Van Dyck during the months of July and August, while he visited Europe. This I have engaged to do, and have thus far preached every Sabbath since my return to America.

In going again to California I wish everything I do to be open and well understood, for my whole object is to preach the Gospel and do good to my fellow-men in San Francisco; and if I cannot do so in an open, bold and honest way, I am not called to do it at all. My plan now is, if it be God's will, that the door opens, to be with you in October. We are all well, very well, but the heat is oppressive. I have long since ceased to feel any concern about even what might seem to be opposition. I wish only to know God's will, and to have His blessing. I wish to be preaching His Word, visiting my flock and doing good to the poor and needy, ministering to the sick and afflicted, and studying the Scriptures.

The Lord be with you all.

Your friend, affectionately,

WILLIAM A. SCOTT.

This is the man that the Sacramento *Union* villified and abused while at San Francisco. And endeavored not only to poison the public mind against, but his own church. That paper and the Alta finally induced a set of loafers to attack him and his family when about leaving Calvary Church for their residence. Surely these papers are fit organs to express the moral sentiments of a christian community!

THE Union County Convention of San Francisco, have put forth the following Judicial ticket to be voted for on the 21st of October: Judge of the Twelfth District Court, Samuel H. Dwinelle; Fourth District Court, George Barstow; Probate Judge, M. C. Blake; County Judge, J. F. Swift; Police Judge, P. W. Sheppard.

ELECTION.—Those who bet a suit of clothes on the election of their favorite candidate, and want to get a tip-top artice, can find many such at the elegant and spacious Clothing and Outfitting Store of HEUSTON, HASTINGS & CO., corner of Montgomery and Sutter streets, San Francisco. It will last you till the next election—you can send your measure, if you are not visiting the city.

THE DEATH OF MAYFIELD.—The Dalles *Mountaineer* of August 18th gives the following particulars of the killing of this noted character:

Parties just down from Boise inform us that early last week, Mayfield, the Washoe murderer, came to a sudden death. It appears that some days previous Mayfield had quarreled with a man named Evans about a game of cards. After the quarrel he was particularly abusive of Evans, and on one or two occasions drove him out of saloons, and told him he would kill him. Under these circumstances a friend of Evans loaded a rifle and told him to kill Mayfield on sight. Accordingly watch was kept for Mayfield, and the moment he appeared on the street Evans took deliberate aim and shot him. Death immediately followed.

For Justice of the Peace.

E. B. BOUST, of Dutch Flat.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will apply to the Register of the State Land office, at his office in Sacramento, for the issuance of a patent for the north-west quarter and the east half of the south-west quarter and the west half of the south-east quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in Township thirteen (13), north of range No. seven (7), east Mount Diablo meridian, located by John C. Scriepcart, on the 10th day of May, 1850, by certificate of purchase No. 28, of which certificate the undersigned are the holders by assignment and purchase, said lands being State Seminary lands.

Sept. 5, 1863.—1m HENRY ADAIR, JOHN P. CURTZ.

SUMMONS.—State of California, County of Placer—before E. B. Boust, Justice of the Peace, Township No. 4. The People of the State of California to C. W. MILLER and JNO. H. BOKE, greeting: You are hereby summoned to appear before me, at my office in Dutch Flat, Township No. 4, county of Placer, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to answer unto the complaint of Hugh Gallespie, wherein he sues you for the sum of Two hundred dollars, and eighty-four dollars interest, due on a promissory note drawn by you on the 11th day of August, 1862, for the sum of three hundred dollars, and payable to plaintiff, bearing interest at the rate of three per cent. per month, upon which note there appears a credit of one hundred dollars, dated October 30th, when judgment will be taken against you for said amount together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County. Make legal service and due return hereof. Given under my hand this 7th day of September, A. D. 1863.

E. B. BOUST, J. P.,
Township No. 4.

The proper affidavits having been filed in my office by the above named plaintiff, and it appearing to the court that he has a cause of action against the above named defendants, It is ordered that summons be made by publication in the Dutch Flat ENQUIRER, a newspaper printed in the town of Dutch Flat, Placer county, for the space of three months, at least once a week. Given under my hand this 7th day of Sept., A. D. 1863. E. B. BOUST, J. P.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.—By Virtue of an execution to me delivered and directed on the 25th day of August A. D. 1863, issued out of the court of E. B. Boust, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 13th day of August A. D. 1863, in favor of Jacob Keunzley and against George Hahn for the sum of ninety dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at eighteen dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Justices, office in Dutch Flat,

On Thursday, September 17th, A. D. 1863,

at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said George Hahn had on the 13th day of August A. D. 1863, in and to the following described property, to-wit: One undivided third of a certain piece of ground, lying, being and situate on the North Fork of the American river, in Township No. 4, Placer county, Cal., said claim being known as the old Trask claim, commencing at a live oak tree on top of a high gravel bank on the east side of said river, thence extending up said river the distance of twelve hundred feet (1,200). Also, one undivided third of a mining claim known as the McKee claim, said claim being situate on the North Fork of the American river, in Township No. 4, County and State aforesaid, commencing at a white oak tree on the west bank of said river, one hundred and fifty feet above Flaggs dam, thence up said river to Egbert & Co.'s claim. Also, one undivided third of a mining claim known as George Hahn & Co.'s claim, said claim being situate on the North Fork of the American river, in Township and County aforesaid, coumencing at the claim known as Trask & Co.'s claim, and extending down said river the distance of three hundred feet (300), together with tools, sluice boxes, wheel pumps, and all other appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

S. A. MILLER, Constable,
Township No. 4.

Dated, Dutch Flat, August 25, 1863.—tds

AGENCIES.

THOS. BOYCE is our authorized agent for San Francisco, through whom all business connected with this paper in that city must be transacted.

W. B. LYON, of Iowa Hill, is our authorized agent for that place and vicinity, all orders left with him for printing, advertising, and subscriptions will be promptly attended to.

E. B. HOPKINSON is the authorized agent for the ENQUIRER for the towns of Little York, You Bet and Red Dog.

O. W. Hollenbeck, of Gold Run, is our authorized agent for that place and vicinity, to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same.

A. O. Mailhenberg is our authorized agent for Last Chance, Michigan Bluff and vicinities, to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same.

Dry Goods and Clothing Store
OPENED IN DUTCH FLAT,
[A few doors below W. & P. Nichols' Banking House,] by
CHARLES ADLER.

I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., usually kept in any store in the State, which I sell at the lowest Cash prices.

☞ Call and examine my goods, whether you wish to purchase or not. jan 20-tf

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY!

HENRY RUNCKLE.....Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABLished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh

Bread, Cakes and Pies

always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars!

and an attentive and accommodating bar tender always ready to attend to the *spiritual* wants of those who may favor him with a call.

March 20, 1862.—tf

EMPIRE LIVERY STABLE,
(Opposite L. Arnstein's,)
Main Street, Dutch Flat, Placer County.

T. J. SLOAN.....Proprietor.

THIS STABLE IS NOW prepared to furnish the traveling public with the best

SADDLE HORSES!

To be found in the mountains. The stock at this stable have all been purchased with a view to their gentle and tractable qualities.

BUGGIES and CARRIAGES!

Constantly kept for hire, with or without drivers—This Stable presents superior inducements to caravans and other large companies.

☞ Horses boarded and groomed by the day, week, or month at reasonable rates. ☜ nov13-tf.

THEODORE SCHUBERT,
MANUFACTURER
Of Boots and Shoes,
(*Opposite the Brewery.*)
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE to call the attention of the residents of Dutch Flat and vicinity to the fact that he make to order boots of all grades from a

Fine Dress to a substantial Miner's Boot

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Our work is considered equal to the Philadelphia, New York or Boston manufacture. Call and examine.

THEODORE SCHUBERT.

Dutch Flat, May 21, 1862.—3m

LUMBER! LMUBER!

THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS still in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement to those in need of material to give us a call.

Sugar Pine Lumber

In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for

MINING PURPOSES!

We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled to present better inducemen for contracts.

To Builders and Contractors

Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of

LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.

June 20, 1860. tf J. JONES & CO.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
—AND—
GENERAL STAGE OFFICE,
Auburn, Placer County.

GEORGE H. STEPHENS,.....Proprietor

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING RESUMED control of this first class hotel, and refitted it with new and desirable furniture are prepared to receive and accomodate visitors in a manner not surpassed by any house in the State. The house is situated in an eligible quarter of the town, and presents many features to make it preferable as a stopping place.

The office of the California Stage Company is kept in the American and persons can book their names for any part of the State on any of the various lines.

April 17-tf.

WRITING SCHOOL.—W. S. James proposes opening a writing school in this place on Monday evening, August 10th. All who wish to improve their penmanship will do well to attend the school while a chance is offered. Terms: Tuition one term (fifteen nights) $5 00 with stationery furnished. No charge if no improvement is made.

PONY SALOON.

Corner Main and Stockton streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED this spacious and commodious building and refitted it entirely with new furniture, bar opened in the same a

Billiard Saloon,

Where may be found two of the best tables in the mountains. The very

Best Liquors, Wines and Cigars,

Constantly on hand, and an accommodating barkeeper in constant attendance to supply the wants of the customers. Come, give the new man a chance!

Aug. 6, 1863.—tf. PONY JONES.

FOR THE UNION!!
In Politics, Religion and Trade.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED THE fire-proof store opposite the Dutch Flat Hotel, in which he has just placed an excellent assortment of

Groceries,
Liquors,
Window Glass,
Crockeryware,
Patent Medicines,
Iron and Steel,
Hardware,
Tinware, &c. &c.,

Which by a union of customers he is enabled to furnish for a trifling advance on San Francisco cash prices. Those in need of Family Groceries, Provisions, Stoves, Tinware and Crockeryware, will find it to their interest to give me a call.

Having made arrangements with manufacturers below, I am enabled to furnish every description of castings, for which orders are respectfully solicited.

Tin, sheet iron and copperware manufactured and repaired. FRED. BURCKHALTER.

Dutch Flat, August 17, 1863.—tf

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

SOMETHING ABOUT GREEK FIRE.

The following explains the quality and compounds of the Greek fire, which appears to give Monsieur Beauregard so much displeasure at Charleston:

"The knowledge possessed of this ancient material of war is gathered by Gibbon in the "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, chap. 42. The subject is also ably treated by Dr. McCulloch in Vol. XIV of the Quarterly Journal of Science. The Greek fire was most advantageously employed in the defense of Constantinople during two sieges of the Saracens of A. D. 668–674 and 716–718. The secret of its preparation and use was derived from a native of Heliopolis of Syria, or, according to Cedrenus, of Egypt, who deserted to the service of the Emperor. It appears to have been a compound of bitumen, sulphur and pitch, and to have been poured from caldrons, or projected in fire balls, or on arrows or javelins around which flax was twisted saturated with the inflammable compound. It was vomited through long copper tubes from the mouths of hideous figures, which were set in the prows of fire-ships. These were themselves consumed, as they sent fire and destruction among the galleys of the enemy. For four hundred years its secret was successfully preserved by the Romans of the East, the vengeance of Heaven being imprecated upon whomsoever should divulge this composition, which the people were taught to believe was mysteriously revealed by an angel to the first and greatest of the Constantines.—The Mohammedans finally obtained the secret, and in the holy wars of Syria and Egypt turned the art against the Christians. Joinville in his Historie de St. Louis describes the fire as coming through like a winged long tailed dragon, about the thickness of a hogshead, with the report of thunder and the velocity of lightning, producing so much light from the quantity of fire it threw out, that one might see in the camp as if it had been day—a description not applicable to the rocket. Its use was continued till the middle of the fourteenth century, when it gave place to the more efficient compound of somewhat similar nature then invented. The name Greek fire has been applied to compounds, that burn on the surface of or under the water. An inflamable liquor of this character is said to have been discovered in 1755 by a goldsmith of Paris, named Dupre, who was not, however, permitted to make its character known.

The photographer, M. Niepse de St. Victor, has experimented, by request of the French Minister of War upon, the p operty of benzole to burn upon water, and of igniting if a bit of potassium or of phosphuret of calcium be contained in it. He found that if a glass vessel containing 300 grammas of benzole and one-half gramme of potassium were broken on the surface of the water, the benzole would immediately overspread a considerable surface, bursting at the same time into flame. A mixture of three parts, benzole and one of sulphuret of carbon, being put into a hand grenade previously heated by immersion in hot water, produced a disengagement of vapor, which could be ignited, and would continue to burn from a jet till the whole was consumed. Phosphorus in solution increases its power of setting fire to other objects. Oil of petroleum may be substituted for the benzole. It was thought that this might be used in naval warfare, as the ancient Greek fire was employed. The subject is fully treated by Seoffern in his work "Projectile Weapons of War, and Explosive Compounds," (London, 1858,) in which he also names several liquid mixtures that spontaneously ignite, and may be used for the same purposes as Greek fire. A solution of phosphorus in sulphuret of carbon, thrown into a glass grenade was found, in experiments at Woolwich, to ignite soon after the liquid was scattered. Chloride of sulphur may be substituted for the sulphate of carbon, the ignition not taking place so soon, thus giving time for the liquid to penetrate into wood work and canvass. An abominable odor is diffused during the combustion."

EDWARD Brickle, of Desert Well, N. T., sent his hired man a few days ago to Carson City with a team and three hundred dollars in coin to buy provision. The man failed to return, and has not been heard from since.—*Express.*

Wonder if that is our old friend Edward J. Brickell, of Illinoistown? Shouldn't be surprised. About three months since while on his way to Carson City with his wagon and team he was surrounded by Indians and robbed of everything he had with him. We wouldn't give much for that fellow's hide if Ed. should meet him.

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE BY NEGROES.—A most horrible outrage, says the Louisville *Journal*, was perpetrated on Sunday evening last by three negroes, upon the person of Miss Hattie Johnson, at Cambridge City, Wayne county, Indiana. Miss Johnson belongs to one of the oldest and most respectable families in the country.—On the evening named, as she was going home from church, in company with her cousin, a lad eighteen years of age, she was attacked by three negroes, Wm. Freeman, Wm. Culver and John Douglass, who conveyed her to an unfrequented place and there violated her person. Her cousin did all in his power to prevent the outrage, but was knocked insensible by one of the black scoundrels. The negroes were arrested next day and had a hearing. Freeman and Culver were sent to jail. Douglass gave bail in five hundred dollars. The greatest excitement existed in Cambridge City, and the citizens were prevented with great difficulty from inflicting summary punishment upon the scoundrels.

MINING IN MENDECINO CO.—The Mendecino *Herald* of 28th August, says:

We are just notified of the discovery of an extensive ledge of gold and silver-bearing quartz, on Wednesday evening, by Alvin Potter, about 7 miles north of Calpella, near the Little Lake road. A district has been organed, and the country staked and claimed for miles around. The rock seems to be exceedingly rich, and the greatest excitement prevails in the surrounding region. * * * * *

D. W. Bailey showed some small specimens of ore, one day this week, found on the hills this side of Potter Valley, which contained what appeared to be streaks of pure copper.—In Potter Valley district have been made many discoveries of rich silver ore.

WASHINGTON'S LETTER OF INSTRUCTION TO MILITARY COMMANDEES.

During the Presidency of Washington occurred the celebrated "Whisky Rebellion."—Major General Daniel Morgan, of revolutionary fame, was sent at the head of an armed force into the infected district. Some disturbances having taken place between the citizens and soldiery he received from the President the following letter, which we print for the benefit of those whom it may concern:

"PHILADELPHIA, March 27, 1795.

"*Dear Sir:*—The interest which you have taken in the safety of John Mitchell, as expressed in your letter of the 19th of January last, would be an inducement to go as far in relieving him as public propriety would admit. But the Attorney General having made a report, of which the enclosed is a copy, I think it advisable to postpone the further consideration until the trial shall have taken place.

"It has afforded me great pleasure to learn that the general conduct and character of the army has been temperate and indulgent, and that your attention to the quiet and comfort of the western inhabitants has been well received by them. Still it may be proper, constantly and strongly, to impress upon the army *that they are mere agents of civil power;* that they have no more authority than other citizens; that offenses against the laws are to be examined, not by a military officer, but by a magistrate; that they are not exempt from arrests and indictments for a violation of law; that officers ought to be careful not to give orders which may lead their agents into infractions of law; that no compulsion be used toward the inhabitants in the traffic carried on between them and the army; that disputes be avoided as much as possible, and be adjusted as quickly as may be without urging them to an extreme; *and that the whole country is not considered as within the limits of the camp.*

"I do not communicate these things to you for any other purpose than that you may weigh them; and, without referring to any instructions from me, adopt the measures necessary for accomplishing the foregoing objects.

"I am, dear sir, your affectionate humble servant, GEO. WASHINGTON.

"Major General Morgan."

THE NUMBER OF WOMEN KILLED AT VICKSBURG.—Captain Harry McDougal, who has spent several days at Vicksburg since its surrender, writes the New Albany *Ledger* that he has made the most careful inquiry as to the actual number of women killed in the city during its bombardment by General Grant. He learns that the number is twenty. Besides these, quite a number of children were also killed.—Captain McDougal states that during the bombardment it was not an uncommon sight for women to be seen, parasol in hand, promenading the streets, and that the number of them killed is owing to the bravado spirit with which they thus exposed themselves. In one instance of children, eight or ten little boys were playing together in front of one of the caves dug into the hillside for the protection of the women and children, when a shell exploded in their midst, killing seven of them. One little fellow, a most interesting child, and son of a formerly prominent merchant of the city, was literally torn into fragments.

General Pemberton refused to allow the women and children to leave the city, and he is therefore responsible for the deaths of the women and little innocents killed during the bombardment. These statements were obtained from one of the principle men of Vicksburg, and are doubtless correct.

GEO. JOHNSTON. HARDY & GARRISON

JOHNSTON & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

California Produce

Auburn Station, Placer Co.

Mark your goods "J. & CO., Auburn Station." Send receipts to Johnston & Co. mar26,-3m

DUTCH FLAT HOTEL,

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE

Corner of Main and Stockton Streets.

CHARLES SEFFENS, PROPRETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR IS DESIROUS OF INforming the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity as well as the traveling public that he is now making large additions to his hereto-fore spacious hotel, which will render it one of the most comfortable and commodious house in the mountains. He is now, as formerly, prepared to accommodate those who may favor him with their patronage with well aired rooms, clean beds, and fare not surpassed in the State.

The Stage books are kept at this hotel, and persons booking their names will be called at any hour.

Grateful for past patronage he solicits a portion in future. C. SEFFENS.

may 14-tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS AUTHORIZED TO make surveys and obtain policies against loss by fire, in the following well-known and responsible companies:

Metropolitan, - -	**New York City.**
Corn Exchange, - -	**New York City.**
City of Hartford, - -	**Hartford.**

Policies in either of the above companies renewed on the shortest notice.

Aug. 13.-tf E. B. BOUST, Local Agent.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!—Don't fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the Bowels, and Wind Colic.

We believe it the Best and Surest Remedy in the World, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None Genuine unless the fac-similie of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers. Principal office, 48 Dey street, New York. Price only 25 cents per bottle. REDINGTON & CO., 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco, Agents for California. aug. 6–6m

PICTURE GALLERY!

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.

THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art, he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

Ambrotypes and Photographs!

taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. O. B. SILVER.

May 28, 18 63.-tf.

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRMENTO, CAL.

Wholesale Drug Importing House

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

NEW YORK CITY.

The increasing business of our establishment, together with the wants of the trade, have made it necessary to establish a house in the city New York. Our R. H. McDonald is now in that city, and from the facilities for purchasing, shipping, etc., which we now have, we feel confident that we can supply the trade at much lower rates than heretofore.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior

Drugs and Medicines,	Retorts and Crucibles,
Chemicals of all kinds,	Druggists Glassware,
Solid and Fluid Extracts,	Brewers' Stock,
Shakers' Herbs,	Soda Water Material,
Eclectic Preparations,	Paints and Oils,
Patent Medicines,	Kerosene and Coal Oils,
Fancy Goods,	Lard and Sperm Oils,
Trusses & Shoulder Br's,	Camphene & burning fluid
Abdominal Supporters,	Alcohol in Tin,
Assayers' Materials,	

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be under sold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York

The undersigned offer for sale,

300 Carboys Oil Vitrol, "Eastern;"
3000 lbs Nitric Acid, strong;
1500 lbs Citric Acid;
2000 lbs Muriatic Acid;
3000 lbs Powdered Tartaric Acid, best;
50 casks super Carb Soda;

500 ozs Sulph Quinine,	700 doz Wright's Pills
100 ozs Strychnine, pure	20 gross Brandreth's Pills
75 Sulph Morphine,	100 gross Moffat's, Ayer's
100 lbs Iodide Potassa	Jayne's, Lee's and
125 lbs Chlotoform	McLane's Pills
106 lbs Calomel	100 doz Myer's Sarsaparilla & Yellow Dock,
1000 lbs Spts Nit and Aq Ammonia	100 doz Lyon's Katharion
600 lbs Balsam Copaiba	300 Jules Haules & Co.'s Extracts, Oils, Colognes, &c.
750 lbs Gum Arabic, white	70 boxes Castile Soap genuine
2000 lbs Flors Sulphur	30 Cases best Olive Oil
600 lbs Oil Lemon Pergamot	3000 lbs Sal Soda
2300 gallons Kerosine Oil	50 bbls Resin
1100 galls pure Lard Oil in tins	100 bbls Plaster Paris
800 galls Camphene	10 bbls Marble Dust
1600 galls Alcohol, 95 per cent., in tins	20 bbls Whiting
1100 galls Linseed Oil	2000 lbs Shakers' Herbs, fresh
1000 galls Neatsfoot Polar and China Nut Oil	100 lbs pure Ground Sage fresh
800 galls Castor Oil	1000 lbs pressed Hops in ¼ ½ and lb papers
Origanum, Peppermint	2500 lbs Borax
Sprue and Almonds	5000 lbs assorted Paints in cans
Paint Brushes	One ton of Putty in bladders and cans
White-wash Brushes	20 bbls Dye woods
Hair Brushes,	Varnishes of all kinds
Tooth Brushes	
Feather Dusters	
10 bbls refined Lampblack	
20 bbls Irish Moss	

10 cases Isinglass;
25 bbls Canary, Hemp, Flax and Coriander seeds. In quantities to suit, all at the lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing and Wholesale Druggists,
Sacramento.
R. H McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

DENTAL

IMPORTING HOUSE.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRAMENTO.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

NEW YORK.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,	Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Gum Teeth, large assort't,	Steel and Wire Handled
Teeth for Vulcanite work,	Pluggers and Scalers,
gum & plain, great variety	Excavators, burrs & drills
Jones & White's gold foil,	Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,	Brushes and Carundum
Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold,	Wheels,
Tin Foil and Platina plate	Grind Stones and Polish
Gold Plate and Solder,	Powders,
Dental chairs & head rests,	Lathes,
Forceps, a large variety,	Mouth Mirrors, different
Files of all kinds,	patterns.

DENTAL CASES.

Chevalier's best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento, Cal.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

BREWERS' STOCK.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.

20 bales Hops just received by Express.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.

SODA WATER MATERIAL.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust, Soda Twine. Everything in the line.

For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayer's Material.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS, of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles.

For sale by R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories.

For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Patent Medicines.

We are agents for the following known Medicines and offer them at REDUCED PRICES:

Sands Sarsaparilla,	Jaynes Sanative Pills,
Ayers Sarsaparilla,	Jaynes Ague Pills,
Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock,	Ayers Pills,
	Moffats Pills,
Jaynes Expectorant,	Cheesmans Pills,
Jaynes Alterative,	Tildens Fluid Extracts,
Jaynes Hair Tonic,	Tildens Sugar Coated pills
Ayers Pectoral and Ague cure,	Tilden's Pearls of Ether and Chloroform,
Wistar's Bals Wild Cherry	Moffats Phœnix Bitters,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
NEW YORK.

jul18-tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

W. C. RICHMOND, N. G.
J. T. MATHEWSON, Rec. Sec. jal-6m

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Open from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M. Mail closes daily at 9 o'clock, P. M.

Office open on Sundays from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 10 A. M., and one hour in the evening on the arrival of the mail. C. B. PLUMMER, P. M.

A SURE THING.—Dr. J. C. Young, upon the receipt of one dollar, will send to any part of California, Nevada Territory, Oregon, or Washington Territory, a prescription, with full and complete directions, that will secure the possessor against the possibility of any Private Complaints. Very simple, very safe, and very cure. It cannot fail in its action.

Having been very successful in his profession, and accumulated a fortune in this State, the Doctor wishes to devote his time to the interests of mankind generally, and to the rising generation in particular, that they may come into the world at least, blessed with pure and uncontaminated blood, a good constitution, a fortune in itself, and perfectly free from that Scourge of the Age, Hereditary Venereal. He is thus induced to offer his valuable prescriptions for an amount simply sufficient to cover absolute expenses.

Dr. J. C. Young has practiced in this city for upwards of thirteen years, and his constant success has qualified him to prescribe remedies that are positive in curing and preventing any form of the venereal. He offers his success as a guarantee, and pledges his professional reputation upon the efficacy of the articles administered.

Address, (enclosing one dollar, with stamp to pay return postage,) Dr. J. C. Young, 615 Commercial street, opposite the Mint, San Francisco.

N. B.—Those already afflicted are referred to the Doctor's advertisement in another column, in which he pledges himself, by his motto, *no cure, no pay,* to fulfill his obligations. Read and consider.

NEW CASH STORE,

Main Street, above Stockton.

A. H. DAVIS HAVING PURCHASED THE entire stock of goods of Messrs. H. C. Harvey & Co., would invite the attention of all to the fact that he is prepared to furnish all articles in his line at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Buying for cash he is enabled to sell at reduced rates for cash. An excellent assortment of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY,
PRESERVES,
LIQUORS,
GRAIN, &c.,

Of the purest quality will be constantly kept on hand, and sold as

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business and fair dealing to receive a portion of the patronage. Goods packed to Order, free. may 21-tf

PEOPLE'S

Opposition Steamship Line!

—FOR—

NEW YORK via NICARAGUA.

Great Reduction in Rates of Passage.

750 Miles Shorter than Any other Route.

The fast and favorite double engine steamship.

MOSES TAYLOR,

J. H. BLETHEN.....Commander.

Will be dispatched

FOR SAN JUAN DEL SUR,

From Mission street wharf,

AT 9 O'CLOCK, A. M., PUNCTUALLY,

On Saturday.....October 3d, 1863.

Connecting at Greytown with the swift steamship

ILLINOIS,

2,500 TONS.

The MOSES TAYLOR since her last trip has undergone the most extensive repairs. Her decks have been extended forward and aft; cabins enlarged, refitted, and repainted throughout—making her accommodations equal to any steamer on the ocean.

Every arrangement has been made by the Central American Transit Company for transporting passengers across Nicaragua in a few hours.

For further information or Passage, apply to

L. A. ROBERTS, Agent,
No. 107 Washington street,
Sept 2-3d Opposite the Postoffice.

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE!

STOVES,

STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "Honest Miners," that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates. ap10-tf

LIVERY

AND

STAGE STABLE.

Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.

THOMAS MORRIS.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.

49-tf

CALIFORNIA STAGE LINE.

From Dutch Flat to Auburn Station.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "California Stage Company" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3½ A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Sacramento, Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1¼ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 5½ P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What CheerHouse," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for *safety, speed* and *comfort.* August 6, 1863.—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. H. LECAMP. R. HUDEPOHL.

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULLY informs the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'
GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES,

From the most celebrated Eastern manufactories together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods,

Which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

Particular attention paid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap3-tf

GEORGE W. HEPPARD,

House Sign and Ornamental PAINTER,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

Every description of work executed in the best style. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. ap3-tf

PLACER BREWERY.

BOOMERANG.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best

Wines and Liquors!

Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me. March 13th, 1862.—tf J. F. MEYER.

BED ROCK SALOON,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,

GEO. L. SLOCUM,.....Proprietor.

KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the finest

Wines, Brandies, Cigars

and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers. Billiard Balls, Cues and Cue Wafers purchased for customers at lowest city prices.

December 4, 1862.—tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,

Corner of Sacramento and Main streets, Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and Homemade SAUSAGES, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.

March 13, 1862—tf

FRESH LARD.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION OF THE CITIZENS of Dutch Flat and vicinity is directed to the fact that I have constantly on hand a large supply of Fresh Lard, which I will furnish to order,

In Can or Keg,

at the lowest market price for cash.

Hotel keepers, families or miners supplied with the best quality of pork, for packing or corning, in quantities to suit, by immediate application to

Jan. 1.-tf F. GROHS, Placer Market.

Dutch Flat Saw Mill.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices!

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity. We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Miners and Builders

Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.

Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

GEO. RANDOLPH. HENRY BRINKMAN.

RANDOLPH & BRINKMAN'S

FASHIONABLE

HAIR DRESSING SALOON

AND

Barber Shop.

Next Door below the Post Office, Main Street, Dutch Flat.

THE PROPRIETORS RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity, or strangers visiting this place, that they cannot be excelled in

Hair Dressing,
Hair Cutting,
Shampooing and Shaving,

by any artists on the Pacific slope, and guarantee entire satisfaction to all who favor them with their patronage. November 20.-tf

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILLMAN,

No. 90 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE Agent for TILTON & McFARLAND'S celebrated Fire Proof and Burglar Safes. This Safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these Safes have been subject to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The Safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This Lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the Safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor without his knowing the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head. To those in want of a reliable Safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

6m TILLMAN, 90 Battery st.

THOMAS BOYCE'S

ADVERTISING AGENCY,

North-east corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, San Francisco. Agent for the following papers:

ENQUIRER, Dutch Flat.
Butte Record, Oroville,
Republican, Shasta,
Sierra Citizen, Downieville,
Tribune, San Jose,
Placer Herald, Auburn,
Union Democrat, Sonora,
San Andreas Independant,
Amador Sentinel, Jackson,
Mountain Messenger, La Porte,
Crescent City Herald,
Mariposa Democrat,
Pacific Sentinel, Santa Cruz,

BLANKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR sale at the ENQUIRER OFFICE.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco Manufacturer

16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy,	Demigros,
Fine Rappee,	Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee,	Nachitoches,
American Gentleman,	Copenhagan.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch,	Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch	Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast,	Fresh Scotch.
or Lundyfoot,	

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION IN PRICES OF FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCOS, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.	FINE CUT CHEWING.	SMOKING.
Long,	P. A. L., or plain,	S. Jago
No. 1,	Cavendish, or Sweet,	Spanish,
No. 2,	Sweet Scented Gronoco,	Canaster,
1 & 2 mixed,	Tin Foil Cavendish,	Turkish
Granulated.		

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. May 21.-1y

Reduction in Prices to Subscribers.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWing list of American and Foreign Periodicals, for which I receive subscriptions. Permanent arrangements having been made by the United States Government for the carrying of the mails from the Atlantic States by steamer three times a month, I am enabled to receive subscriptions at a much lower rate than formerly. The same care and attention will be paid to the forwarding of all packages, for which this establishment has gained such an enviable reputation throughout the Pacific Coast.

ATLANTIC PERIODICALS.

	PER YEAR.
Harper's Monthly Magazine	$3 50
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Leslie's Family Magazine	3 50
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Continental Monthly	3 50
Peterson's Ladies' Magazine	3 00
Arthur's Home Magazine	3 00
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Hunts' Merchants' Magazine	6 00
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New York Sunday Mercury	3 50
New York Sunday Atlas	3 50
New York Sunday Times	3 50
New York Sunday Dispatch	3 50
New York Sunday Courier	3 50
New York Weekly Times	3 50
New York World	3 00
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New York Criminal Zeitung	3 50
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New York Vanity Fair	3 50
New York Irish American	3 50
New York Scientific American	3 50
New York Wilkes' Spirit of the Times	3 50
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New York Mercury	3 50
New York Herald of Progress	3 50
New York Scottish American Journal	5 00
New York Albion	6 00
New York Eco d'Italia (Italian)	8 00
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Boston Weekly Journal	3 50
Boston Flag of our Union	3 50
Boston Pilot	3 50
Boston Waverly Magazine	3 50
Boston Banner of Light	3 50
Boston True Flag	3 50
Boston Investigator	3 50
Boston Literary Companion	3 50
Boston Littell's Living Age	7 00
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Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper	3 00
Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post	3 50
Baltimore Weekly Sun	3 50
Louisville Weekly Journal	3 50
Cincinnati Weekly Commercial	3 00
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FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

London Illustrated News, with supplements	$14 00
London Weekly Dispatch	13 00
London Illustrated News of the World	14 00
London Illustrated Times	12 00
London Weekly Times	10 00
London Bell's Life	13 00
London Athenæum	12 00
London Punch	8 00
London once a Week	8 00
Liverpool Wilmer and Smith's Times	15 00
Dublin Nation	13 00
Cornhill Magazine	6 00
Temple Bar Magazine	6 00
St. James Magazine	6 00
London Lancet	6 00
London World of Fashion	6 00
All the Year Round, Dickens	6 00
London Art Journal	10 00
Blackwood's Magazine	4 00
Westminster Quarterly Review	3 00
North British Quarterly Review	3 00
Edinburgh Quarterly Review	3 00
London Quarterly Review	3 00
The four Reviews and Blackwood	13 00

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Any Newspaper, Magazine or Review not mentioned in the above list will be furnished to order. Orders of Books, Music, Fancy Articles, &c., filled promptly at the lowest market rates. Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Address,

J. STRATMAN,
News Agent, San Francisco.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,

SANSOME STREET,

Opposite the American Theater,

San Francisco.

S. H. SEYMOUR.....Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LONG CONNECTED with the establishment as Book-keeper, begs leave respectfully to inform the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, that he has leased from Mr. Bailey Sargent,

THIS MAGNIFICENT ESTABLISHMENT,

which will in future be entirely under his management and control, and where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the traveling public. He flatters himself that his experience in the business, and his long acquaintance with the people of California, will be a guarantee that no one will leave his house dissatisfied, and he pledges himself to spare no pains or expense in providing every means

AGRICULTURAL.

TO CONTRIBUTORS: The proprietor of the Enquirer will send a copy of the paper, gratuitously, for one year, to each person becoming an occasional correspondent upon Mining, Agricultural, Horticultural, Floricultural, or Stock Raising pursuits.

MAKING HAY.—Will people ever learn to cure their hay instead of drying it? It is doubtful whether they ever will—at least all of them. The whole science of hay-making consists in three things: First, cut your grass when in blossom; second, dry it, not too much; third, let it go through the sweating process before it goes into the barn. On these things depend your quality of hay. Hay should be grass preserved. The nearer to the fresh, tender, succulent grass you get it, the better. Could we have grass growing in winter, how much better than hay! Well, hay is an attempt to do this as near as you can. We dry apples and berries so that we may have them in winter. We put fruit in bottles and exclude the air so to have it as near the fresh fruit of summer as may be. But we can't have it absolutely fresh. So we do the best thing we can—"preserve" it. So with grass—could we cut our pastures when the grass is tender and young, and save it in that state, what an invention that would be. Perhaps it will be done. What feed such grass makes (when cured well) for milch cows and young stock. Horses will eat more matured grass with nearly equal relish. For horses then, grass, when fully grown, will do. To turn a dairy into a meadow when the grass is fit for the scythe, would not be so well as to turn it in a fresh pasture in June. But we cannot cut our pastures. There would be too much labor to harvest your grass three or four times in a season; so economy has something to do in haymaking. Grass, when in blossom has its growth, excepting the seed. It is yet tender in a measure, and it has one advantage which no other stage of the grass possesses; it develops its sugar then. Especially is this the case with clover, whose head, when in blossom, is a globe of sweetness. Its large honey cells are evident enough. This comes with the period of blossoming, and with it passes away. Clover, then, should be cut when in blossom to secure the sugar, as well as other properties equally nutritious, which, if the grass is kept standing longer, vanishes. The best farmers have, therefore, decided that the blossoming time is the best to cut the grasses, especially the clover. When grass is ripe what is it good for? Certainly not for pasture; and will it be better when it is still drier and made hard? The blossom finds it still tender, with additional juices of value, which, before and after, it does not possess.—Hence, I repeat, the blossoming time is the best time for cutting grass.

The next thing is, to save it as near in this state as can be. To dry it thoroughly, so that the tenderest part becomes brittle and falls off in the handling will not do. The stock also will become hard and of a woody nature. There is a world of such—we will not call it hay. What then, must be done? Expose your hay to the sun and dry air—better dry air alone—till it is thoroughly wilted. Then the moisture—more water—has pretty well escaped, and the juices holding in solution the valuable qualities, are present, and in themselves not spoiling, but keeping the hay soft and pliant. Heat, continued, will evaporate these, and a rain or two, with additional heat to dry, will thoroughly remove all the remains of the juices or their properties, for they are very delicate and evanescent, held lightly. The sun is injurious. It bleaches and evaporates too strongly. The best way is to cure grass in the shade. Hence the excellence of hay when cured in a barn, scattered over the rails, as is often done when a little grass is cut before harvest has set in, and spread out to dry in this way. It is the greenest of greens. This is probably the best mode of curing hay; but as it is not practicable only to a small extent, so we must resort to other means.

When well-wilted, which will take from several hours to half a day, rake your hay into winrows. Leave there, or make into cocks; for clover, small cocks; timothy, larger. Here let it remain for about two days, or two days and a half. Then stir or spread apart a little; leave for a few hours, and then throw into the mow with it. As it then goes in, so it will come out—as green almost as the grass itself, with a slightly yellow tinge which the sweating operation imparted, but did not injure. The hay will feel heavy; and it is heavier than when dried to death; but it will not spoil, depend upon it, it is cured. You have the same grass here which so recently was in full blossom and so tender with juices. And when you come to feed it out in the winter, it is then that you see the benefit of curing grass instead of bleaching it and drying it into straw. In market its superior weight is an advantage—its color also, and its fragrance, for the fragrance of the early harvest field is still there.

Such hay is worth making, and there is no excuse for not making it. We have the machinery to make it. If rain interferes, salt will still save your hay. When there is the appearance of rain, haul in your hay, even if in the middle of the sweating operation, or even sooner. Avoid rains by all means. Salt will save hay when out by day it is put into the barn.—Sometimes long rains will seriously interfere with hay-making, but generally not. And much, very much, is depending upon the advantages of which we may avail ourselves. It is seldom that (with the aid of a barometer) one misses his guess at the weather. Every farmer should have a barometer; this will tell the coming of wet weather beforehand, in time enough to secure a good cutting of grass. Many farmers have this instrument so important to the farmer; they would as soon think about doing without it as a dairyman would without a thermometer.

WORTH REMEMBERING.—If you hitch your horse to a worm fence, always select an inside corner, because it is stronger, and because your horse will almost always tangle his halter in the projecting rails of an outside corner.

There, as well as elsewhere, if you tie with a loop-knot, do not consider your horse tied unless the end of the halter is put through the loop.

Never rest a scoop shovel against a fanning-mill.

Do not prop a barn-door open with a pitch-fork, for a gust of wind may break both door and fork.

Plan your garden so that it may be cultivated by a horse. Much labor may be thereby saved and the culture will be more thorough.

When plowing in warm weather you desire to rest your team, stop on an eminence, if such there is, and always with your horses' heads to the breeze. Five minutes in a favorable position, is better than ten in an unfavorable one.

Label all packages of seed or medicine. A lady last spring offered me a package of wheat she said was choice lettuce seed; when I reached home I found it contained melon seed.

A variety of farm product fills up the season, occupies the time of permanent help to advantage, and on the principle of "having two strings to one's bow," and of "having two many eggs in one basket," is more sure.

One of the greatest and most important defects in road-repairing is a failure to even the surface. A turnpike left in hillocks is a long, rough road to travel, and the little basins hold water, consequently they become mud holes.

REAL POLITENESS.—About a year ago, when the upper part of the Astor House was on fire, one of the servant girls was directed to awaken two gentlemen who were asleep in an up-stairs room. She knocked at the door, and with the greatest simplicity said, "I beg pardon, gentlemen, for disturbing you, but the house is on fire."

MISCELLANEOUS ADVRETISEMENTS.

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA,

Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass.

This celebrated preparation has stood the test of six years with the California public—who are justly considered as a community the most intelligent in the world—during which period we are proud to say it has given more than satisfaction:—it has become the household remedy for Californians particularly, who, from much exposure, bad food, imperfect shelter and irregular habits, suffer more from

RHEUMATISM

Than any community in the world; and we are safe in saying that as a rule, California Rheumatism cannot be cured thoroughly without the use of

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA,

It is the only preparation that will cure Rheumatism, as thousands can testify who have tried the medicines of the best Doctors in the country, without receiving any benefit therefrom. It all cases it gives immediate relief when taken as per directions on the bottle.

FEMALES

in delicate health would do well to try the virtues of this remedy, as it insures a peculiar beneficial influence upon the vascular system not obtained by any other remedy. It quickly removes from the blood and other fluids the impurities of unhealthy secretions, which engenders a long train of diseases, such as Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Blotches and Pimples on the face and body, Humors, Pustules, Sores, Tumors, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Scald Head, Swelled Neck, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Chronic Sore Eyes, Gout, Cancer, Enlargement of the Ovaries, and diseases of the Heart, are cured by the renovating action of this truly valuable medicine. It acts like a charm, purifying the blood of all morbid and corrupt matter, and at the same time strengthens and invigorates the whole system.—Salt Rheum will positively yield to the medical powers of this remedy, in conjunction with Hall's Rosemary Cerate, it has cured cases of over twenty years standing, the disease covering nearly the whole surface of the body.

MERCUIAL DISEASES

and all diseases arising from lead, mercury, and arsenic, such as aching pains in the bones, dimness of sight, low fevers, and worst of all, mercurial Rheumatism, are relieved by one bottle of this remedy. Night sweats, wasting of flesh, spitting of blood, habitual costiveness, and piles—thousands can testify to the efficacy of Hall's Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass in the above named diseases. It increases the appetite and the flesh, gives a healthy tone and vigor to the whole system, building up a new constitution. As the constitution is the blood and this remedy thoroughly purifies, cleanses, and purges it of impure matters, and at the same time stimulates into healthy action the whole Visceral System, which is engaged in the manufacture of the blood, hence the health of the whole system will follow, and a

LONG LIFE

with a healthy and cheerful mind—sure indications of a healthy body—can be obtained by the most delicate person, by thoroughly purging the blood in the Spring and Fall of the year, with

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA, YELLOW DOCK AND IODIDE OF POTASS.

Imitations,

Owing to the great and unparalleled success of the remedy, hundreds of unprincipled persons seek to palm off on the public, worthless trash called by the same name. The Genuine Hall's Sarsaparilla contains neither spirits, mercury or arsenic.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere for $1, and by the proprietors,

R. HALL & CO.,

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DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY CITIZENS WHOSE NAMES AND RESIDENCES WILL BE FOUND IN THE PAMPHLETS, GIVING EVIDENCE OF ASTONISHING CURES OF CONSUMPTION, BY USING THIS MEDICINE GIVE IT A TRIAL. REDINGTON & CO., AGENTS, 416 AND 418 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

IN TIME OF HEALTH

PREPARE FOR SICKNESS.—It is preposterous to think that because we are in health, disease will never overtake us. How many have gone forth in the morning and returned home to lay down upon beds of sickness for months! We would remind our readers, that, for a family medicine, nothing can equal SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. Of Humors it is a sure exterminator. Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec1-6m

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COLDS! COUGHS!!

Brown's Bronchial Troches

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, relieve the Hacking Cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh, clear and give strength to the voice of

PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "SLIGHT COLD" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are a most valuable article, especially so at this season of the year, when *Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness* and *Sore Throat* are so prevalent. The Troches give sure and almost immediate relief. Sold by all Druggists in the United States, at 25 cents a box.

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Noiseless

Sewing Machines!

For Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes

☞ **Prices from $60 Upwards** ☜

Over 50,000 in Use!

WE beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of our manufacture. Every Machine sold by us *IS WARRANPED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

Card from the Grover & Baker S. M. Company.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. All machines sewing from the spools and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are infringements

GLOVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A Card from Elias Howe, Jr.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the *GROVER & BAKER SEWING COMPANY*, or their Agents, or Licenses, and stamped under my patent of September, 10, 14

Said Company and their Licenses, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machines, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, Jr.

☞ The attention of Tailors and Manufacturers, who prefer the "lock stitch," is called to our

Improved Shuttle Machines,

which are specially adapted to their requirements

—AND—

☞ **THE BEST IN USE** ☜

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J. F. BARSS, Placerville;
D. E. GORDON, Weaverville;
T. A. SPRINGER, Jackson. je26-tf

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE State of California, Oregon, and adjacent Territories:

THE SUBSCRIBER ONE OF YOUR EARLIest citizens of California, and for the most of its time engaged as a Journalist, and particularly of late in a Journal devoted to the chief resources of the Pacific States, respectfully submits the following plan and proposition for the purpose of bringing hither from England, France and Germany the working classes, mechanics artizans, miners, and metallurgists for the purpose of developing the resources of our thinly populated States and Territotories, thereby reducing labor, the establishing of Factories, the occupation of the millions of acres of arrable land now lying dormant, and to work our mines. The benefit accruing to our Government—to the mercantile community—the merchant—the manufacturer, the mining conveyances—and professional community cannot but be beneficial, provided the facilities are offered to such emigrants, and according to the tenor of our laws regarding such. For those purposes the subscriber desires to seek only the necessary or pecuniary aid to take him across the Pacific and Atlantic, so that he may be enabled to lay before the people of Europe a work which he has compiled from authentic sources comprising the mineral wealth of the Pacific States, including partly Mexico, Lower California, British Columbia, &c., together with a synopsis of the climatology, agriculture, arts and manufactures, with interesting statistics of our imports and exports, and population. Also, the organic acts of our State, the local and general laws governing mining, the Preemption Act, and kindred subjects pertaining to the Pacific States. The author reserving for himself the right of translation of this work (which has cost him three years of his time to collect and compile) in the German and French languages.

He contemplates making the tour to the Atlantic States and Europe in February or March 1863, and will equip himself with the mineral materials, fossil remains, &c., and illustrate them by diagrams and discourses throughout the Atlantic States and Europe.

Such a work which your petitioner has in view cannot be published in this State without an extraordinary outlay, nor have we the materials artists, or skill in copperplate or wood engraving. The work will comprise from 400 to 500 pages, to be handsomely illustrated with colored plates, maps, &c., quarto form. The subscriber will add thereto a complete list of all the associations and companies, especially mining companies.

He goes to Europe for the purpose of seeing all the manufacturing places, machines and utensils; also to the leading mining districts and metallurgical establishments, to acquire from the best sources there the best mode of treating our rich minerals, and lay these several important features before our people through the *Mining and Scientific Press*, and the work he hereby offers. But the most important subject in his mission is the inducements he will offer to the Europeans of our immensely rich mining fields and agricultural lands, together with the great advantages offered by a liberal and protective government for industrious citizens.

The Subscriber, therefore, calls upon the citizens in the Pacific States who have the interests of our new States nearest their heart, to aid him in this great but laudable undertaking with means. Each subscriber will be furnished with a copy of this work, which is designed to be useful in the counting house, to the professional man and miner. The author desires to state that whatever aid or subscription he may be furnished with by the people of this State he will refund after the publication of the work, or leave the amount to be taker, out in books.

Respectfully submitted,
JULIUS SILVERSMITH.
December 11, 1862.–tf

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BECAUSE, Compared with any other Rope of equal strength, it is from FOUR to SIX times MORE DURABLE!
BECAUSE, it is FORTY per cent LIGHTER!
BECAUSE, it is less than ONE-HALF the Diameter, and only ONE SIXTH of the BULK!
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Wire Rope is the ONLY KIND of Rope that can be used to ADVANTAGE, for Hoisting from deep shafts and inclined planes, for long Pump Ropes, Derrick Guy Ropes, Ferry Ropes, &c., &c. Those who have once given our Wire Ropes a trial will USE NO OTHER, at any price.

Circulars giving scales of weights and strength prices, testimonials, &c., will be forwarded by addressing the manufacturers, or their agents through out the State. A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,
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AND

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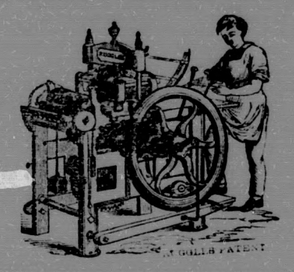

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Dr. J. C. Young has been a practical specialist for a period of twenty years, and for twelve years on this coast, during which time his private medical and surgical institute has been in uninterrupted successful operation, discharging cured annually upwards of five thousand patients. Cure *always* guaranteed or no pay required.

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Venereal diseases, of every class and nature, cured in the most perfect, speedy, and permanent manner, without the use of mercury in any form.

Syphilis and its adjuncts, Gonorrhœa and its accompanying diseases; all disorders of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Prostrate; Seminal Weakness; Diseases of the Heart and Lungs; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Impotency; Incipient Consumption, etc.

Persons afflicted with symptoms after having been treated, should consult Dr. Young at once, as no disease is cured unless the patient feels perfectly well. If there is a particle of disease left in the system, it will break out at some future time when least expected, or be handed down to an innocent offspring.—Persons who have been treated with mercury should be very cautious in believing that they are well for it is a scientific fact that the mercury will mingle with the venereal and form a disease a great deal worse than the original. All those who have reason to think, by bad feelings, that they have been treated thus, should consult Dr. Young, and he will examine their cases and tell them at once how they stand.—Consultation Free.

Of all the above enumerated diseases—terrible in their array, and fearful as they are in their results—the one standing preeminent amongst them for severity and destructive effects, is that most terrible of all diseases, seminal weakness, or spermatorrhœa.

Those who have become the victims of solitary vice, that dreadful, fascinating and destructive habit, which fills thousands of sick rooms with paralytics and consumptives, and hundreds of untimely graves with its misguided victims, should consult, without a moment's delay, one who will sympathize with their sufferings, and cure them for a moderate compensation.

Dr. J. C. Young would especially address himself to such, giving to each and all assurance of a perfect and permanent cure.

The young man who experiences that growing weakness in his muscular and mental organization should stop to consider whence it arises.

He will find in the weakness of the back, trembling of the limbs, disordered digestion, unaccountable failing of the powers of the mind, distaste for society, dread of impending trouble, forebodings of evil, sleeplessness, troubled and lavicious dreams, accompanied by nerves, at emissions, growing deafness, loss of muscular power, and numerous other symptoms of disorganization, the positive traces of that most terrible and destructive of all diseases, seminal weakness—wasting away his powers, destroying his hope of life and manhood, and dragging him along the broken path of existence towards a premature and loathsome grave.

The intermediate step between the commencement of this disease and its culmination in that only rest to the uncured victim—death—may be enumerated, loss of muscular power, insanity, impotency.

To him who finds his life dribbling out in the discharges of the vital principle of existence in nocturnal and diurnal emissions, the mere cessation of the causes of its appearance brings no assurance of relief.

Marriage, that holy office, the safeguard and hope of manhood, brings to such an one no hope of cure, but adds to his misery in the knowledge that the one who looks to him for so much of her happiness, is a victim of his evil and an innocent compatian in his punishment. He adds to his misery and his disorder, until hope leaves him.

There is no cure except in proper and skillful treatment. Consult, then, at once, a Physician whom long practice and careful research has made thoroughly conversant with every phase of the disease.

All those who are married, or contemplate marriage, who experience any of the numerous symptoms pronouncing the presence of seminal weakness, should at once place themselves in communication with Dr. J. C. Young, **615** Commercial street, opposite U. S. Branch Mint, either by letter or personal interview, who assures them of a perfect and permanent cure, without danger of exposure or hindrance from business, it being impossible for a man's most intimate companion to discover for what he is being treated.

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Who are suffering under any form of Private Disease, whether contracted from impure connections or induced by other causes, DR. YOUNG would directly address himself, informing them that they can be cured without the necessity of a journey to San Francisco.

Diseases of the heart, lungs, and liver. Dr. Young would call the attention of invalids to his course of practice in the above complaints. Throwing aside as worse than useless, as highly injurious, all forms of mercury, the Doctor relies entirely upon the *Vegetable Practice.*

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Patients residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and medical advice of Dr. Young on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Young takes this opportunity of observing that *all letters* are only opened and *replied to by himself*, and as promptly as possible.

The Doctor would take this occasion to assure those desirous of medical relief, that he has no connection with any other office. He is to be found only at **615** Commercial street, opposite the U. S. Branch Mint, San Francisco, where all letters must be addressed.